

Rat IgG2a Isotype Control

Purified *in vivo* GOLD™ Functional Grade Isotype Control

Product Information

Product No.:	I-1177
Clone:	1-1
RRID:	AB_2737530
lsotype:	Rat IgG2a к
Storage:	Sterile 2-8°C

Product Description

Specificity:

This Rat IgG2a isotype control (anti-Trinitrophenol + KLH) antibody has been tested against selected species' cells and tissues to assure minimal cross reactivity.

Format:

Purified in vivo GOLD™ Functional Grade

Formulation

This monoclonal antibody is aseptically packaged and formulated in 0.01 M phosphate buffered saline (150 mM NaCl) PBS pH 7.2 - 7.4 with no carrier protein, potassium, calcium or preservatives added. Due to inherent biochemical properties of antibodies, certain products may be prone to precipitation over time. Precipitation may be removed by aseptic centrifugation and/or filtration.

Purity

≥95% monomer by analytical SEC, >95% by SDS Page

Endotoxin

< 1.0 EU/mg as determined by the LAL method

Storage and Stability

Functional grade preclinical antibodies may be stored sterile as received at 2-8°C for up to one month. For longer term storage, aseptically aliquot in working volumes without diluting and store at \leq -70°C.

Avoid Repeated Freeze Thaw Cycles.

Product Preparation

Functional grade preclinical antibodies are manufactured in an animal free facility using *in vitro* cell culture techniques and are purified by a multi-step process including the use of protein A or G to assure extremely low levels of endotoxins, leachable protein A or aggregates.

Country of Origin

USA

References

- 1. Gubin, M. et al. (2018) Cell. 175(4):1014-1030.e19 Journal Link
- 2. Wurster S. et al. (2020) The Journal of Infectious Diseases 222, 6:1989-994
- Tzetzo, S. L., Kramer, E. D., Mohammadpour, H., Kim, M., Rosario, S. R., Yu, H., Dolan, M., Oturkar, C. C., Morreale, B., Bogner, P. N., Stablewski, A., Benavides, F., Brackett, C. M., Ebos, J. M., Das, G. M., Opyrchal, M., Nemeth, M. J., Evans, S. S., & Abrams, S. I. (2024). Downregulation of IRF8 in alveolar macrophages by G-CSF promotes metastatic tumor progression. *iScience*, 109187. <u>https://doi.org/10.1016/j.isci.2024.109187</u>